

FETCH3: A Tree-Level Hydrodynamic Modeling Approach for Examining Species-Specific Stomatal Regulation at AmeriFlux Sites

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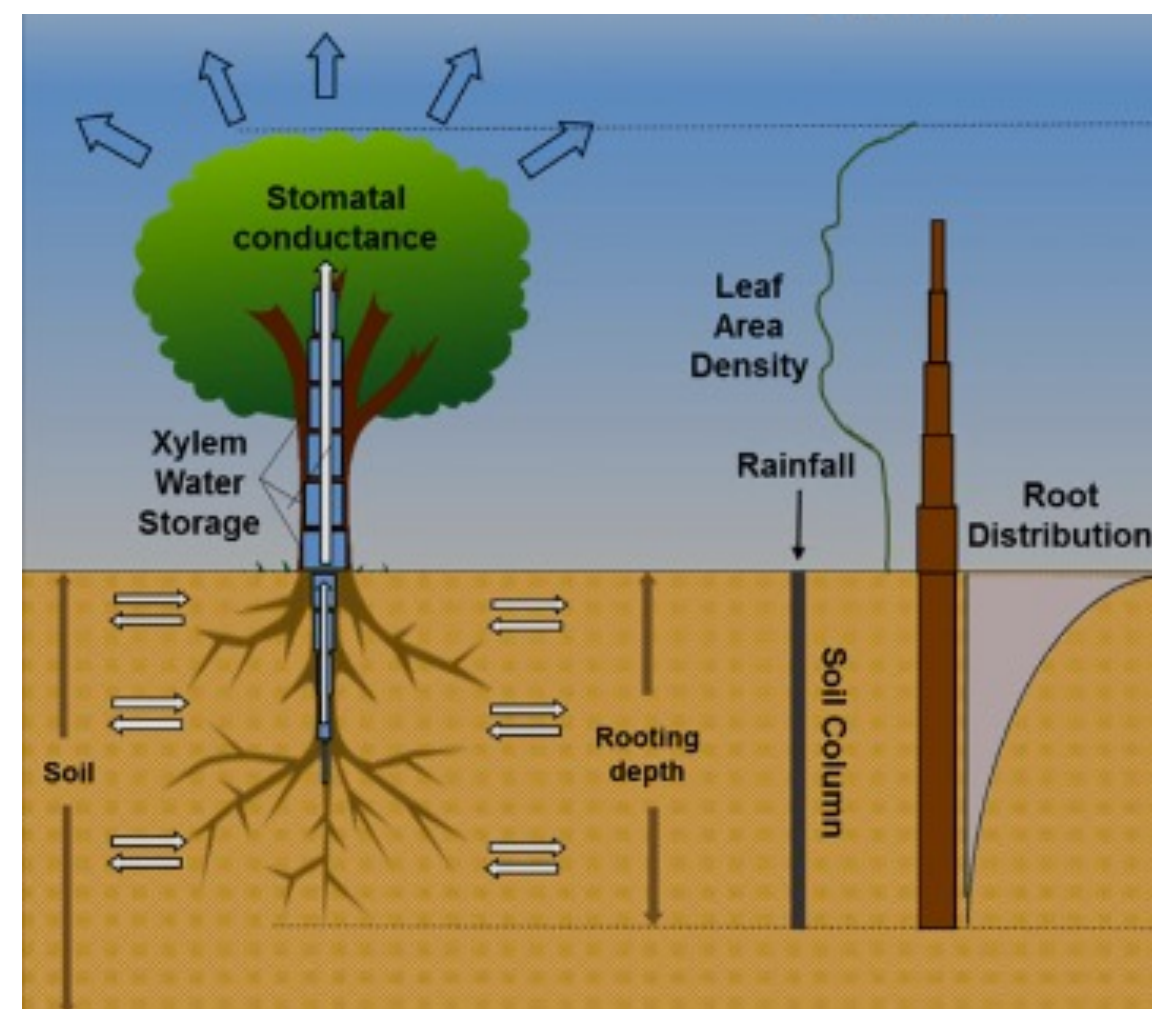
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BACKGROUND

- Improving the representation of plant hydraulic behavior in vegetation and land-surface models is critical for improving our predictions of the impacts of drought stress on ecosystem carbon and water fluxes.
- Species-specific hydraulic traits play an important role in determining the response of ecosystem carbon and water fluxes to water stress

APPROACH

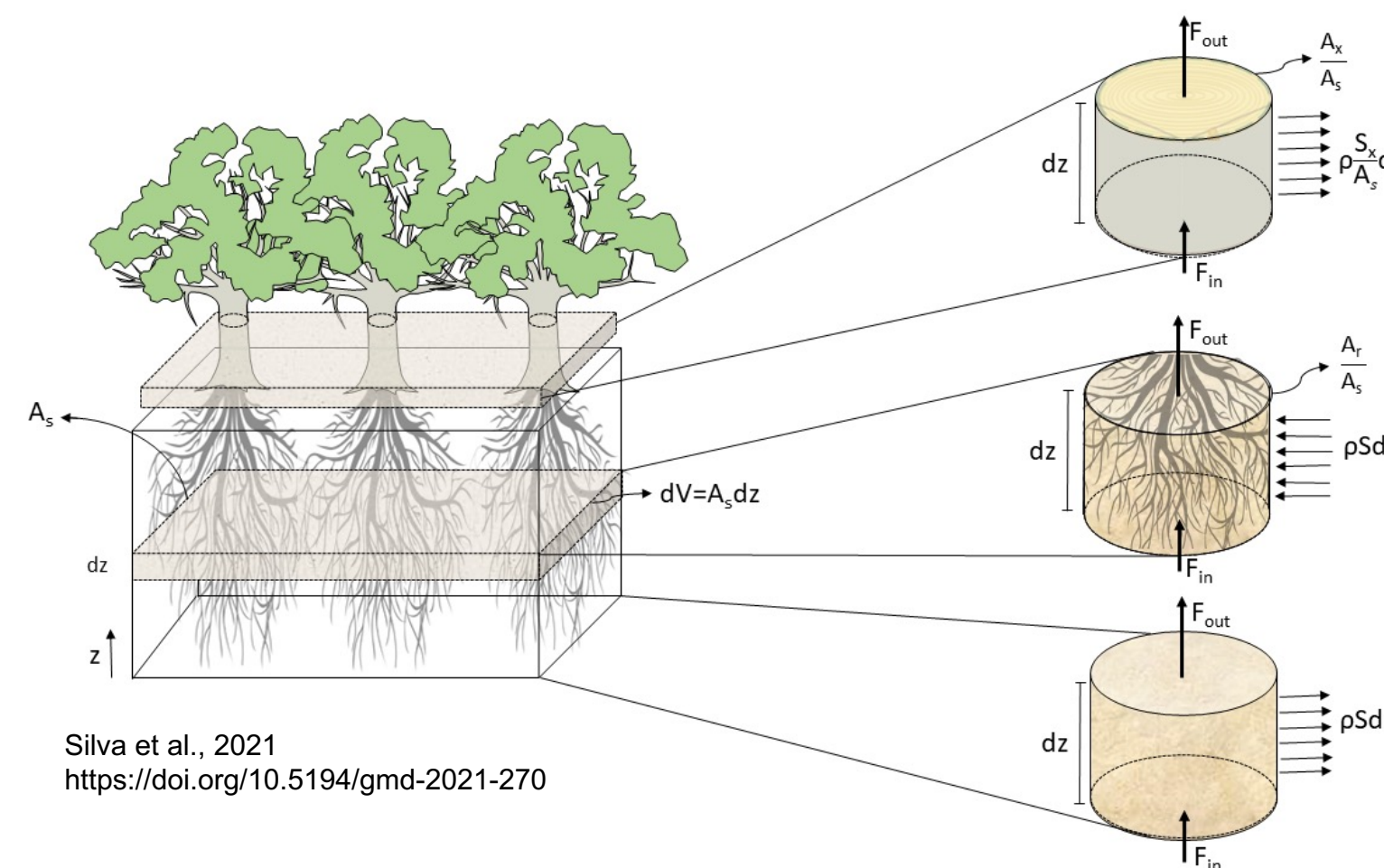
Finite-difference Ecosystem-scale Tree Crown Hydrodynamics model version 3 (FETCH3)



Mirfenderesgi et al., 2019

- Tree represented as simplified 1-D conduit with realistic vertical leaf area distribution
- Stomatal response is linked to xylem water potential (rather than directly to soil moisture)

Water transport through soil, roots, and xylem as porous media flow



Silva et al., 2021
<https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-2021-270>

- Resolves water potentials along the vertical dimension
- Accounts for water storage in plant

$$C_s \frac{\partial \Phi_s}{\partial t} = \frac{d\theta_s}{d\Phi_s} \frac{\partial \Phi_s}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[K_s \left(\frac{\partial \Phi_s}{\partial z} + \rho g \right) \right] - S$$

Soil

$$C_r \frac{\partial \Phi_r}{\partial t} = \frac{d}{d\Phi_r} \left(\frac{\theta_r A_r}{A_s} \right) \frac{\partial \Phi_r}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[K_r \frac{A_r}{A_s} \left(\frac{\partial \Phi_r}{\partial z} + \rho g \right) \right] + S$$

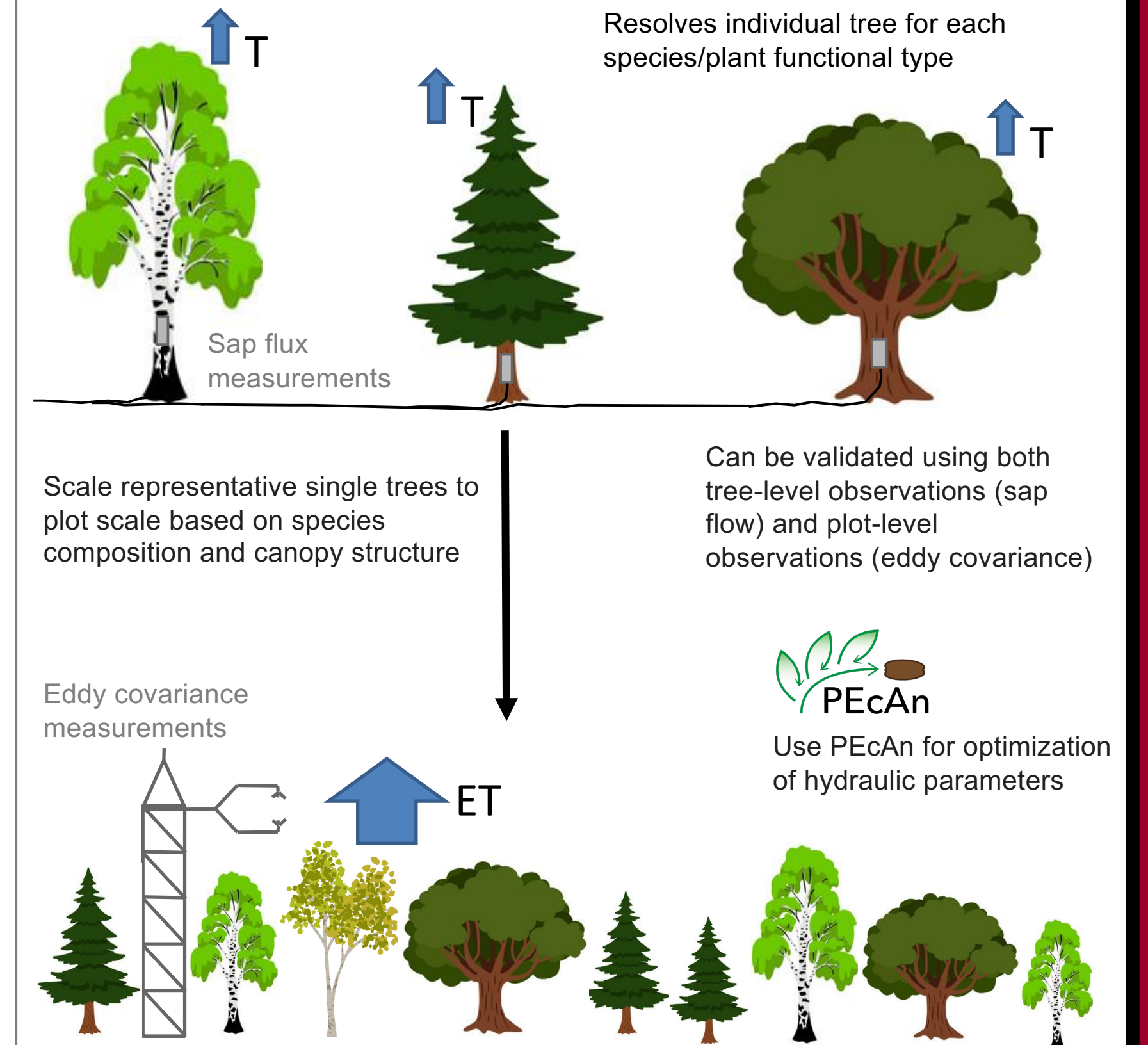
Roots

$$C_x \frac{\partial \Phi_x}{\partial t} = \frac{d}{d\Phi_x} \left(\frac{\theta_x A_x}{A_s} \right) \frac{\partial \Phi_x}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[K_x \frac{A_x}{A_s} \left(\frac{\partial \Phi_x}{\partial z} + \rho g \right) \right] - \frac{S_x}{A_s}$$

Xylem

Labels: water potential, hydraulic conductivity, root cross-sectional area index, volumetric water content, hydroactive stem xylem cross-sectional area index, root water uptake, transpiration, capacitance.

Scaling



PLANS

- Use FETCH3 to examine interactions among water stress, species-specific hydraulic strategies, and stomatal regulation across different species and ecosystem types
- Use multiple sites that have both sap flux and eddy covariance data



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