

Table 1. Demographic characteristics of the study participants

Male/female	21(33.33%)/42(66.67%)
Age(years)	61
Diabetes duration(years)	7.97
Treatment	
Insulin	14 (22.22%)
Insulin+oral agent	10 (15.87%)
Oral agent	39 (61.90%)
Retinopathy(yes/no)	10 (16.13%)/52(83.87%)
Peripheral vascular disease	6 (9.68%)/56(90.32%)
ASA	24 (42.11%)
HTN (yes/no)	35 (55.56%)/28(44.44%)
HLP (yes/no)	36 (57.14%)/27(42.86%)
Mean TG	121
Mean Cholesterol	169
Mean HDL mg/dl	41
Mean LDL mg/dl	94
Mean BMI	28.60
HbA1c%	7.1
Smoking (yes/no)	10 (5.87%)/53(84.13%)
Neuropathy (yes/no)	5 (8.20%)/56(91.8%)
Nephropathy (yes/no)	7 (11.48%)/54(88.52%)
Family history (yes/no)	9 (14.52%)/53(85.48%)
b-blocker	25 (40.98%)
Statin	39 (63.93%)
ACE inhibitor	33 (56.90%)

*Based on Chi-Square Test; HTN= hypertension; HLP= high lipid profit; DIP= dipyridamole. TG: Triglyceride, HDL: High density lipoprotein, LDL: Low density lipoprotein, BMI: Body mass index, ACE : Angiotensin-converting enzyme

