

# Title

Yesenia Ibarra Esquivel<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Instituto Tecnológico Superior Zacatecas Occidente

March 26, 2020

Problema 1.

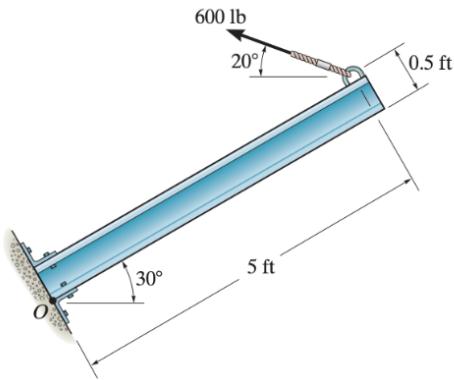


Figure 1: .

$$rx = 5 \text{ ft}$$

$$ry = 0.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$Fx = -600 \cos 50$$

$$Fy = 600 \sin 50$$

Se calcula el momento  $\vec{M} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$

$$\vec{M}_o = [5(600 \sin 50) + 0.5(600 \cos 50)] = 2490.9612 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft}$$

Problema 2.

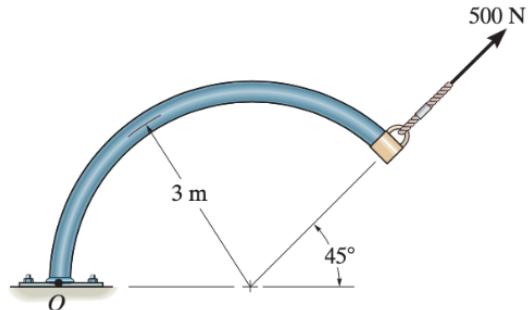


Figure 2:  $F_x = 500 \cos 45 = 353.5 \text{ N}$ .

$$rx = 3 + 3 \cos 45 = 5.12 \text{ m}$$

$$ry = 3m \sin 45 = 2.12 \text{ m}$$

$$Fx = 500 \cos 45 = 353.5 \text{ N}$$

$$Fy = 500 \sin 45 = 353.5 \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{M}_o = (rx \cdot Fy - ry \cdot Fx)$$

Se calcula el momento.

$$\vec{M}_o = [(5.12)(353.5) - (2.12)(353.5)] = 1060.5 \text{ Nm}$$

Problema 3.

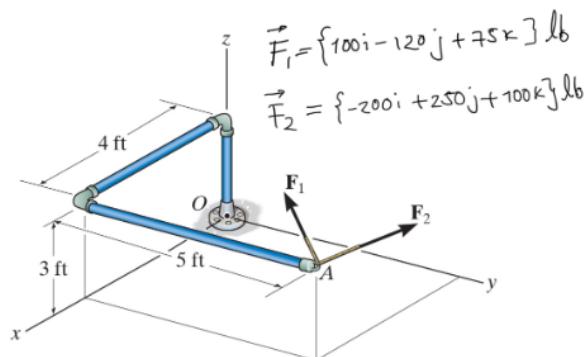


Figure 3: .

Sacamos el valor de  $\vec{r}$

$$\vec{r} = (4, 5, 3) = 4i + 5j + 3k$$

Para F1:

|     |      |    |
|-----|------|----|
| i   | j    | k  |
| 4   | 5    | 3  |
| 100 | -120 | 75 |

$$\vec{M}_{F1} = ((5)(75) - (3)(-120)) i - ((4)(75) - (3)(100)) j + ((4)(-120) - (5)(100)) k$$

$$\vec{M}_{F1} = (375 + 360) i - (300 - 300) j + (-480 - 500) k = 735i - 980k$$

Para F2:

|      |     |     |
|------|-----|-----|
| i    | j   | k   |
| 4    | 5   | 3   |
| -200 | 250 | 100 |

$$\vec{M}_{F2} = ((5)(100) - (3)(250)) i - ((4)(100) - (3)(-200)) j + ((4)(250) - (5)(-200)) k .$$

$$\vec{M}_{F2} = (500 - 750) i - (400 + 600) j + (1000 + 1000) k = -250i - 1000j + 2000k$$

Se suman las dos fuerzas.

$$\vec{M}_o = 735i - 250i - 1000j + 2000k - 980k = 485i - 1000j + 1020k$$