

Dispersion and activation energy of convective heat transfer flow via a wavy surface with variable characteristics and heat sources: A numerical study

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March 08, 2024

Abstract

We have explored the result of the activation energy, thermal conductivity, and variable viscosity, A vertical wavy surface is passed by heat sources during convective heat transfer. Coupled equations controlling the flow, the nonlinear, mass, and heat transferring an electrically conducting viscous fluid via a vertically wavy surface have been solved with the Runge-Kutta-Shooting approach. (f' , f) the velocities, (ϕ)concentration and (θ)temperature, Sherwood and Nusselt number were discussed for several variations of D_s , D_c , E_1 , δ , R_d , β , ϑ_r , A_1 , B_1 , a , ξ . It has been seen that axial velocity increases with rising values of D_s , D_c , E_1 , N_r and reduces with thermal radiation (R_d), and thermal conductivity (β). Nusselt number (Nu) reduces with temperature dispersion (D_s), variable viscosity(ϑ_r), thermal conductivity (β) and enhances with solutal dispersion (D_c), radiation (R_d). Space/temperature dependent heat sources (A_1 , B_1).

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