

The Median Effective Analgesic Concentration (MEAC) of Ropivacaine in Ultrasound-Guided Interscalene Brachial Plexus Block for Postoperative Analgesia after Arthroscopic Repair of Rotator Cuff: A Double-Blind Up-Down Concentration-Finding Study

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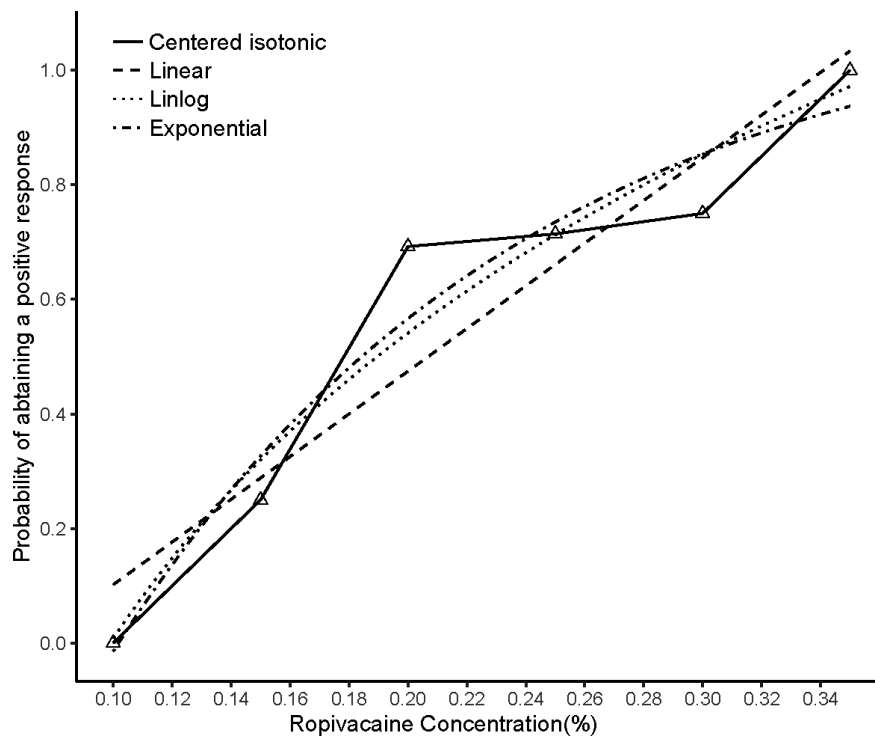
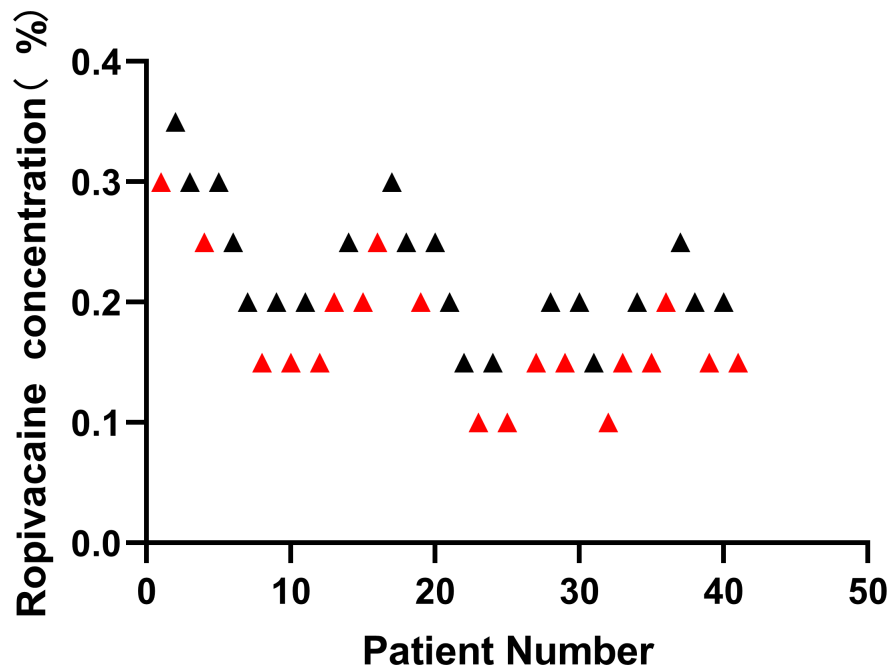
Abstract

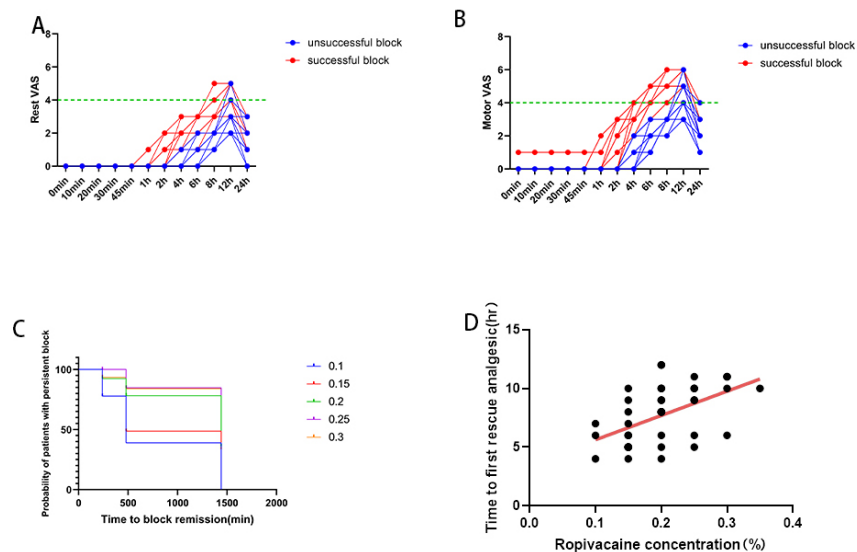
Objectives: The median effective concentration of ropivacaine in interscalene brachial plexus block for postoperative analgesia after arthroscopic rotator cuff repair (ARCR) has not been determined. **Design:** this is a prospective double blinded study. **Method:** This study was conducted on 40 patients with ASA grade I or II who had selective ARCR. A concentration of 10mL ropivacaine administered for the Interscalene brachial plexus block (ISBPB) was determined using the up-and-down sequential. The initial concentration of ropivacaine 0.3%. After a successful or unsuccessful postoperative analgesia, the concentration of ropivacaine was decreased or increased by 0.05% in the next patient, respectively. We defined successful postoperative analgesia as a visual analogue scale (VAS) score ≤ 4 at rest or activity within initial 8 hours after ISBPB. VAS score > 4 was defined as unsuccessful analgesia. The analytic techniques of linear, linear-logarithmic, exponential regressions and centered isotonic regression were used to determine the EC₅₀ of ropivacaine and the residual standard errors were calculated for the comparison of "goodness of fit" among the different models. **Results:** The concentration of local anesthetic ropivacaine administered ranged from 0.1% to 0.35%. The EC₅₀ (95% confidence interval) from 4 different statistical approaches (linear, linear-logarithmic, exponential regressions and centred isotonic regression) were 0.207% (0.168%, 0.355%), 0.182% (0.165%, 0.353%), 0.196% (0.154%, 0.356%), and 0.163%, respectively. Among all of the 4 models, the exponential regression had the least residual standard error (0.0990). **Conclusion:** The EC₅₀ derived from four statistical models for 10ml ropivacaine in ultrasound-guided interscalene brachial plexus block for postoperative analgesia was distributed in a narrow range of 0.163%–0.207%.

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Table1 Patient Characteristic.docx available at <https://authorea.com/users/732464/articles/712203-the-median-effective-analgesic-concentration-meac-of-ropivacaine-in-ultrasound-guided-interscalene-brachial-plexus-block-for-postoperative-analgesia-after-arthroscopic-repair-of-rotator-cuff-a-double-blind-up-down-concentration-finding-study>

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