

CBX4 regulates long-form thymic stromal lymphopoietin-mediated airway inflammation through SUMOylation in HDM-induced asthma mice

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March 30, 2022

Abstract

Abstract Background: Thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) is present in two distinct isoforms, short-form (sfTSLP) and long-form (lfTSLP). lfTSLP promotes inflammation while sfTSLP inhibits inflammation in allergic asthma. However, little is known about the regulation of lfTSLP and sfTSLP during allergic attack in asthma airway epithelium. **Methods and Results:** Here, we report that SUMOylation was enhanced in HDM-induced allergic asthma airway epithelium. Inhibition of SUMOylation significantly alleviated airway Th2 inflammation and lfTSLP expression. Mechanistically, CBX4, a SUMOylation E3 ligase, enhanced lfTSLP, but not sfTSLP, mRNA translation through the RNA binding protein, MEX-3B. MEX-3B promoted lfTSLP translation through binding of its KH domains to the lfTSLP mRNA. Furthermore, CBX4 regulated MEX-3B transcription in HBE through enhancing SUMOylation levels of the transcription factor, TFII-I. **Conclusion:** We demonstrate an important mechanism whereby CBX4 promotes MEX-3B transcription through enhancing TFII-I SUMOylation, and MEX-3B enhances the expression of lfTSLP through binding to the lfTSLP mRNA and promoting its translation. Our findings uncover a novel target of CBX4 for therapeutic agents to lfTSLP-mediated asthma.

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