Ardières-Morcille: a research catchment dedicated to the study of the transfer and impact of diffuse agricultural pollution in rivers

Véronique Gouy¹, Lucie Liger², Chloé Bonnineau¹, Nadia Carluer¹, Arnaud Chaumot¹, Marina Coquery¹, Aymeric Dabrin¹, Christelle Margoum¹, and Stéphane Pesce¹

¹INRAE

²Irstea Centre de Lyon-Villeurbanne

November 16, 2020

Abstract

The Ardières catchment, (150 km²), in Beaujolais (France), belongs to the first European catchments where surface water contamination by pesticides has been highlighted in the late 1980s. Research on this site mainly aims at better understanding organic pesticides and trace elements hydrological pathways to watercourses, and at evaluating subsequent contamination and impact on aquatic ecosystems. Landscape as well as instream processes are studied in order to highlight catchment vulnerability to contaminants and possible mitigation actions. A consistent hydrological and chemical monitoring of the Ardières River and one of its tributaries, the Morcille River, has been taking place since 2002. It was supplemented by biological measurements on aquatic micro-organisms and macroinvertebrates, more particularly after 2005. The results show the importance of longterm study to account for the kinetics of contaminant transfer in hydro-biogeochemical systems. Physico-chemical, ecological and ecotoxicological measurements all showed spatial and temporal variability in water quality and a gradient of impact on community structures and ecological functions as a function of the pressure of human activity. Results allowed to develop indicators of toxic impacts and resilience of communities and provided avenues for action to improve water quality.

Short informative:

This article is a DataNote which describes main results of the research carried out for more than 30 years in the Ardières-Morcille watershed dedicated to the study of the transfer and impact of diffuse agricultural pollution in rivers.

Running title:

Ardières-Morcille Catchment DataNote

Authors :

Véronique Gouy¹*, Lucie Liger², Chloé Bonnineau¹, Nadia Carluer¹, Arnaud Chaumot¹, Marina Coquery¹, Aymeric Dabrin¹, Christelle Margoum¹, Stéphane Pesce¹

* corresponding author, ORCID ID: https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7040-7832

¹INRAE-Riverly, 5 Rue de la Doua. CS 20244. 69625 VILLEURBANNE Cedex, France

²Irstea, 5 Rue de la Doua. CS 70077. 69626 VILLEURBANNE Cedex, France

Acknowledgments:

The authors express their gratitude to all the scientists who have contributed to the research on the Ardières-Morcille basin, whatever their place in the process, as well as to the farmers and water managers who have, for so long, facilitated the deployment of experimental devices on their territory. Cemagref, Irstea and INRAE are also thanked for having placed their trust in researchers and supported the observatory over time. Finally, this research would not have been possible either without the scientific or financial support of the Office Francais de la Biodiversite, Zone Atelier du Bassin du Rhone, the Rhone Mediterranee & Corse water agency, the AUvergne Rhone Alpes Region, the National Research Agency, the French Ministries in charge of agriculture and environment, and the opportunities they have offered from successive national and regional programs.

Hosted file

DataNoteSAAM-Gouy2020.pdf available at https://authorea.com/users/376137/articles/493213ardi%C3%A8res-morcille-a-research-catchment-dedicated-to-the-study-of-the-transfer-andimpact-of-diffuse-agricultural-pollution-in-rivers





