Re: Acupuncture for recurrent urinary tract infection in women: A systematic review and meta-analysis. (First comment on BJOG-20-0142.R1)

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Dear Editor

I read with interest the paper by Xindong Qin et al. "Acupuncture for Recurrent Urinary Tract Infection in Women: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. In this paper, under the heading "Interpretation" they discuss possible mechanisms behind a potential effect of acupuncture. They are referring to one of my studies,² but they are not discussing one of our study's main finding. We found a correlation between fewer urinary tract infections and less measured volume of residual urine in the women treated with acupuncture. This change in residual urine did not occurred in the non-treated group. Residual urine or post voided volume measured by a Bladder Scan, and by a nurse, in a hospital setting, and she was blinded with regard to the participants group allocation. What is an empty Bladder? A paper by Haylen discuss this and a post-voided volume above 30 ml, in otherwise healthy women, has been regarded as one of many potential risk factors³. Interestingly all women in our study had at baseline more than 30 ml of residual urine.² After 6 months control this was reduced to 18.2 mL in the acupuncture group while no change in the non-treated group (35.5 vs 38.8mL). Further, residual urine is recognized, and discussed as one of several potential risk factors for recurrent urinary tract infections in children ⁴ and healthy postmenopausal women. ⁵ Hence, with regard to post-voided volumes, I hope this can be included in future studies on acupuncture as a prophylactic treatment for recurrent urinary tract infections. Finally, a question to the authors, ¹ on page 6, you write: "None of the studies reported the secondary outcomes of urinary bacteria culture, WBCs of urine dipstick, kidney function, markers of kidney damage, health-related quality of life or healthcare costs." However, our study ² used a dipstick (Uricult) and we presented the number of infections with or without bacteriuria. Do I misunderstand, or do you mean the actual name of the bacteria found?

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