#### Lightweight Federated Data Networks with Das2 Tools

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#### Abstract

Das2 describes a collection of cooperating programs originally created to support daily review and analysis activities of the Cassini Radio and Plasma Wave Science (RPWS) investigation. The system proved useful and is now relied on for rapid access to working data sets from many planetary missions including Mars Express and Juno, as well as ground-based radio astronomy results from the Nançay Decameter Array and Long Wave Array 1. As more teams have begun using das2 tools, the need for updates to what was largely an in-house protocol have become apparent. Though Autoplot continues to be the most flexible and commonly used das2 client program, interfacing with other tools would benefit the research community. We will provide an overview of recent updates to the das2 interface definition supporting redundant servers and federated data source catalogs. We will describe a cross site deployment between Southwest Research Institute and the University of Iowa to aid collaboration among ASPERA-3 and MARSIS investigators. We will give an update on the status of new client libraries for NumPy and IDL, as well as das2 stream adapters for HAPI and VOTables. Finally, we will describe how working data sets can be published in-place by registering das2 data sources with a VESPA EPN-TAP service.

http://das2.org

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Das2 describes a collection of cooperating programs originally created to support daily review and analysis activities of the Cassini RPWS investigation. The system proved useful and is now relied upon for rapid access to working data sets from many planetary missions including Mars Express and Juno, heliophysics missions including Van Allen Probes and Voyager, as well as ground based radio astronomy results from the Nançay Decameter Array and Long Wave Array. As more teams have begun using das2 tools the need for updates to what was largely an in-house protocol and tool-set have become apparent.

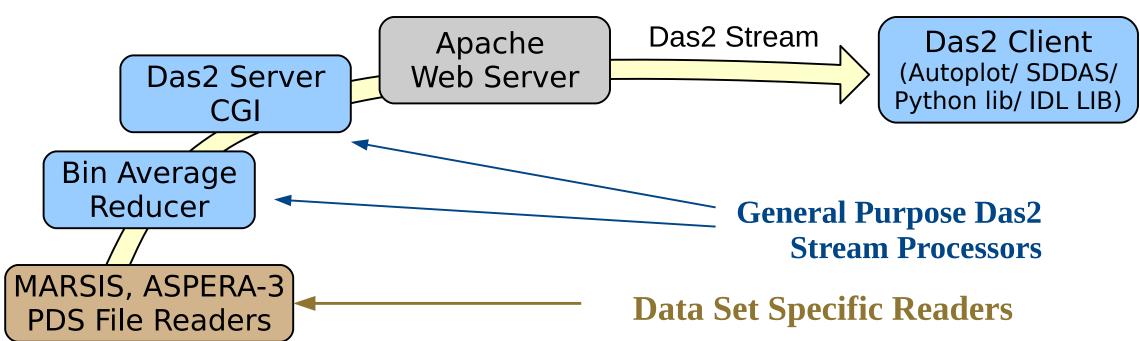
## **University of Iowa Space Physics Data Streaming Heritage**

- das1 1994 to 2002: Initial standardized data streams by Larry Granroth in support of Galileo PWS operations, browser based interface
- *das2 2002 to 2006*: Java clients written to support modern data navigation using computer mouse gestures, new stream format, server-side data reduction via low-overhead C programs
- *Autoplot 2005 to present*: Externally funded project, (autoplot.org) built on das2 Java libraries, added CDF reading, scripting and many other useful features.
- *pyServer 2012 to 2014*: Re-write of server from perl to python, das2 stream format documented, multi-resolution caching added.
- *libdas2* 2016 to present: Upgrades to C tools, data model added, units handling, HAPI adapter, direct interface to NumPy and pure python upper layer.
- *das2 catalogs 2018*: Data source listings re-written in JSON and moved off-server to form a robust distributed network suitable for use as a public data source.

U. Iowa das2 servers currently host **>155 TB** of space physics related data from Voyager, Cluster, Cassini, Mars Express, Juno, Van Allen Probes, LWA-1 ground station and others.

#### **Das2 Servers: Built to Support Rapid Display**

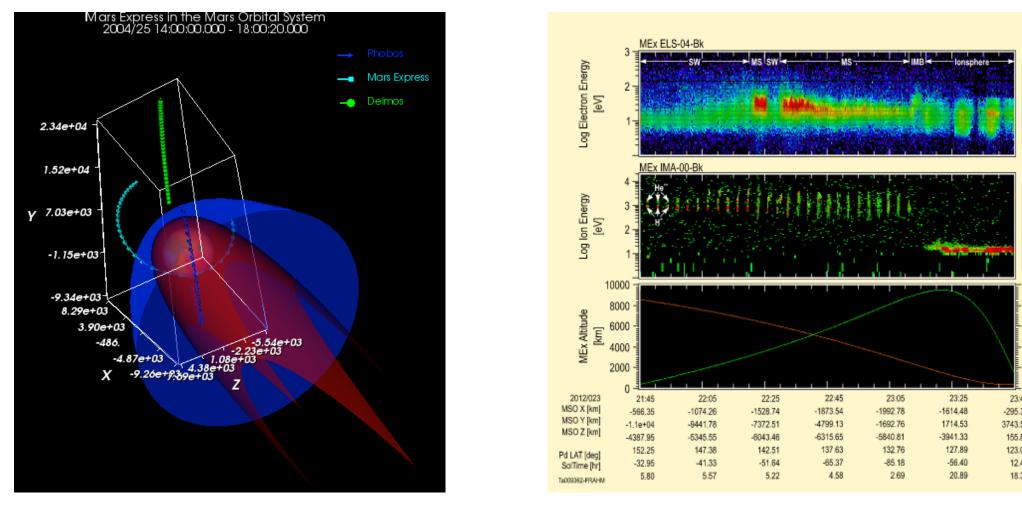
Since 2002 most space physics data at the University of Iowa have been provided to analysis software in the form of das2 streams. These are generated by data set specific programs called readers which translate the instrument specific files into a common stream output. When viewing data over time scales that are large compared to the intrinsic instrument resolution, streams can be reduced on the server before transmission to the display program, thus conserving network bandwidth and client memory. For particularly large or inefficient file sets, streams are cached on the server so that subsequent requests are handled in a timely manner.



Most client applications in use by the Iowa Radio and Plasma Wave group are written Java. However many of our collaborators commonly produce software in other languages. To allow for easier data and software exchange, we have undertaken efforts to provide native das2 client libraries for other programming environments.

#### **Server Access for New Environments 1: C++ / SDDAS**

The ASPERA-3 team at Southwest Research Institute (SwRI) use the C++ based SDDAS (<u>www.sddas.org</u>) toolset for daily tasks while the MARSIS group at U. Iowa employ Autoplot and a custom das2 Java program. Measurements from these two instruments are highly complimentary, so providing immediate access to daily working data sets across both teams is desirable. To prepare for integration, U. Iowa's C-based libdas2 was enhanced with new client capabilities (which were also used for the python module). In turn, SwRI will setup a das2 server to provide access to IDF (Instrument Data Format) data stores.



SDDAS display examples above, libdas2 dataset acquisition example below

#### #include <das2/core.h> DasHttpResp res;

das\_http\_getBody("http://planet.physics.uiowa.edu/das/das2Server?server=dataset&dataset= Mars\_Express/" "MARSIS/Radargram&start\_time=2007-001&end\_time=2007-002", NULL, NULL, &res); DasIO\* pIn = new\_DasIO\_socket("TestProgram", res.pSsl, "r");

DasDsBldr\* pBldr = new\_DasDsBldr();

DasI0\_addProcessor(pIn, (StreamHandler\*)pBldr);

DasIO\_readAll(pIn); size\_t uDatasets; DasDs\*\* lDs = DasDsBldr\_getDataSets(pBldr, &uDatasets); /\* Dataset structures now in lDs pointer array \*/

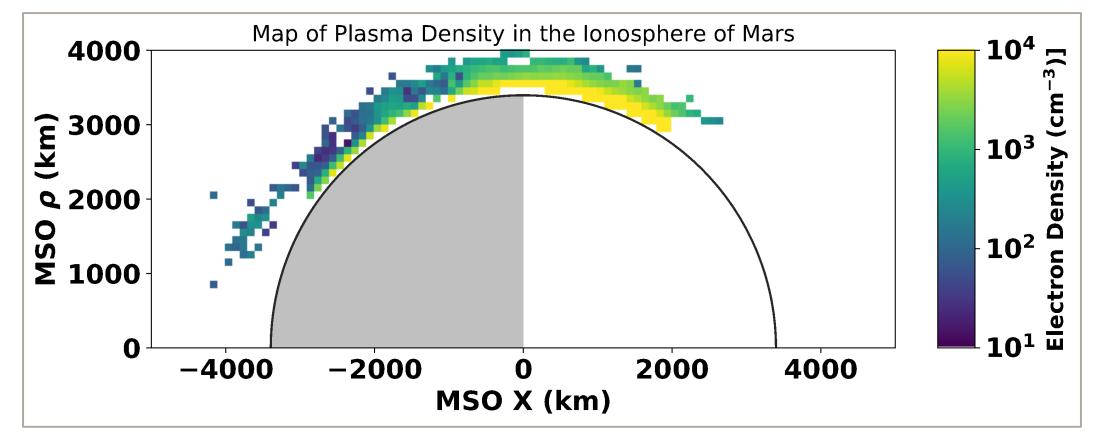
# **IN11D-0064: Lightweight Federated Data Networks with Das2 Tools**





### **Server Access for New Environments 2: Python / NumPy**

Python is rapidly becoming ubiquitous within the physical sciences. The new das2 python module provides efficient transport of das2 streams directly into Numpy array storage without copies or temporary python heap objects. Additionally meta-data is supplied which categorizes the resulting arrays by their conceptual use as coordinates or data, bin centers, references, offsets, standard deviations, etc. and insures that array dimensions are not conflated with the inherent physical dimensions spanned by the data set. The purpose of the module is to clearly provide higher level plotting packages with the information they need to correctly render array values with a minimum of human intervention.

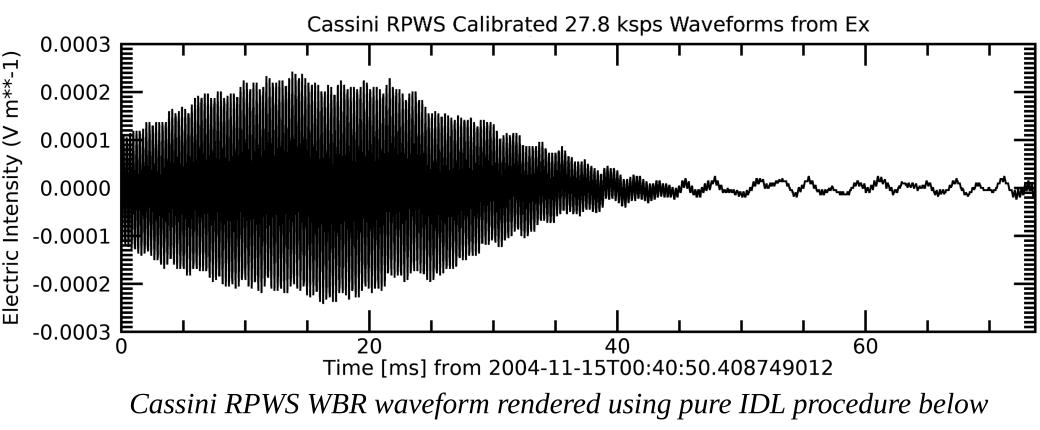


MARSIS plasma densities using matplotlib/das2, courtesy of Zachary Girazian, download ex. below

import das2
<pre># Gather local plasma densities src = das2.Source("tag:das2.org,2012:site:/uiowa/mars_express/marsis/ne-density = src.get( {"time" = ("2005-08-06", "2005-08-07", 1.0) } ) density = datasets[0]</pre>
<pre># Get the numpy arrays aMS0_X = dataset.coords['X']['center'][ : ] aMS0_Perp = dataset.coords['rho']['center'][ : ] aNumberDensity = dataset.data['Ne']['center'][ : ]</pre>
# Acquisition is done, rest is standard matplotlib plotting

#### **Server Access for New Environments 3: Pure IDL**

Much of the space physics research community runs on IDL (<u>www.harrisgeospatial.com</u>). While Autoplot provides a useful bridge between das2 servers and IDL, a pure IDL module is desirable and could also be folded into larger packages such as SPEDAS (<u>spedas.org</u>). A native IDL das2 module has been written and is undergoing further development.



<pre>IDL&gt; .compile das2reader IDL&gt; .compile das2time</pre>
<pre>; specify query parameters and get the data sDataSet = 'Cassini/RPWS/HiRes_MidFreq_Waveform' sBeg = '2004-11-15T00:40.50.400' sEnd = '2004-11-15T00:40.50.500' sParams = [ '10khz', 'Ew=false'] d = das2reader(sDataSet, sBeg, sEnd, params=sParams, /verbose)</pre>
<pre>; access dataset properties and plot prop = d[0].stream.properties p = plot( d[1].ydata, d[1].data, xtit=propstring_xlabel, ytit=propstring_ylab</pre>

## Addressing Weaknesses: Cryptic Controls, Static Links

- Many das2 data sources have specialized options. To configure these, scientists currently have to enter "magic strings" in Autoplot or into their download scripts. A small grammar for describing options is needed so that GUIs can be auto-generated.
- Client programs such as Autoplot save the absolute location to a data source in their configuration files. In addition, some specialized das2 clients even store data locations as *compiled-in defaults*. When servers are off line or data are migrated, access fails.

## **Solution:** A Distributed Catalog Using... Webpages?

For sake of simplicity, and to meet typical IT security requirements, static web content is preferred. Four fundamental components: URLs, URIs, and Static XML or JSON pages are sufficient for a robust, distributed catalog system, as long as a few rules are applied. 1) Each page defines a single catalog node.

- 2) Pages referencing other pages must use *fully qualified* URLs.
- 3) Pages written in a simple limited grammar intended for use by other programs, not humans.
- 4) Each page must have a UID but for automatic fail-over each should *not* have a unique URL.

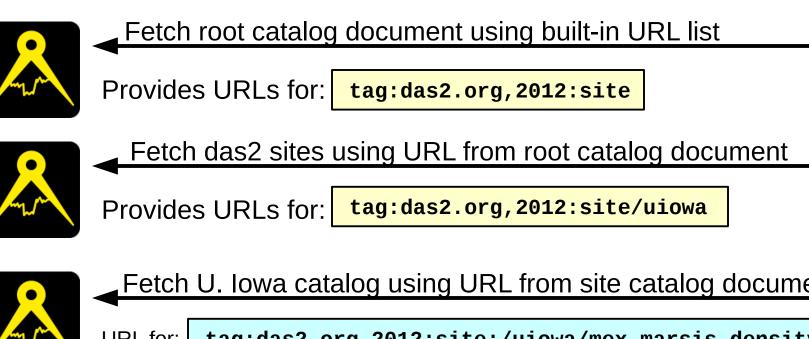


nsity/das2")



### **Resolution example: From UIDs to Plots**

Instead of saving specific locations (URL) in configuration files, clients save a data source's unique identifier (UID). In the following diagram Autoplot resolves the source UID: tag:das2.org,2012:site:/uiowa/mex\_marsis\_density and downloads data.



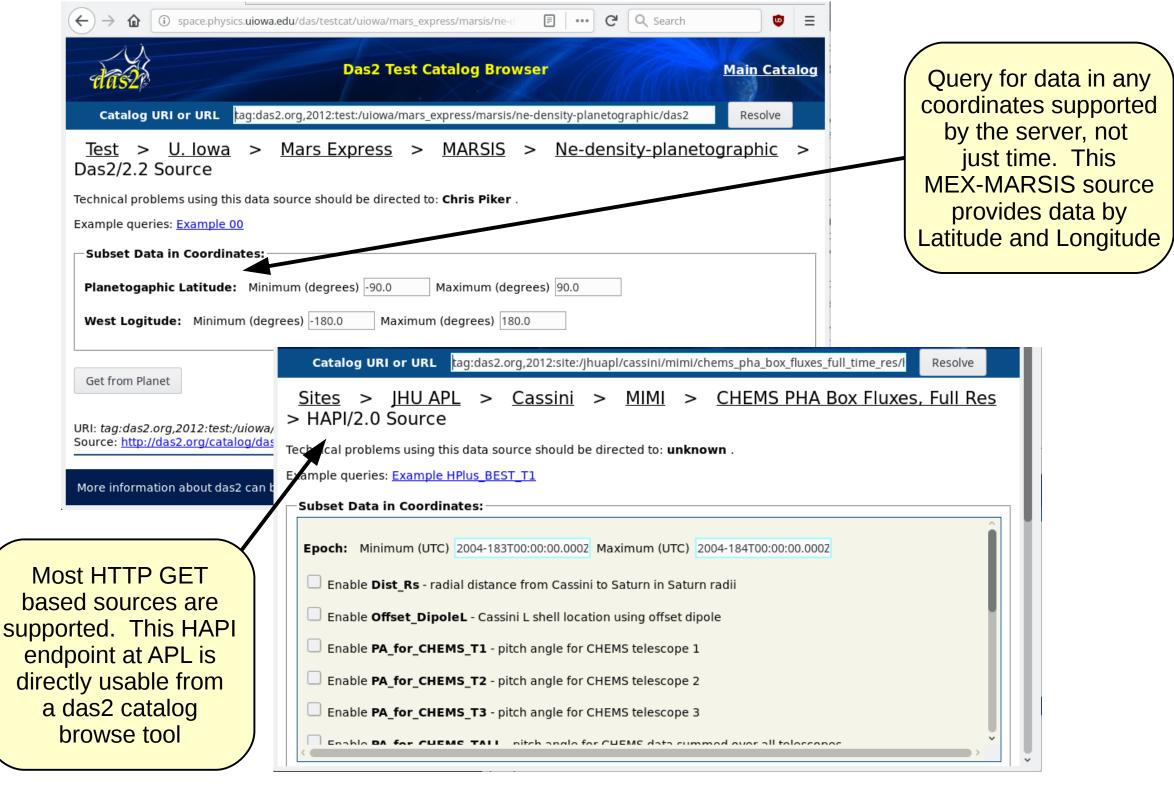


Fetch root catalog document using built-in URL list         Provides URLs for:       tag:das2.org,2012:site         Fetch das2 sites using URL from root catalog document         Provides URLs for:       tag:das2.org,2012:site/uiowa	Head Catalog or Mirror das2 site catalog	das2.org or github.com mirror
Fetch U. Iowa catalog using URL from site catalog document URL for: tag:das2.org,2012:site:/uiowa/mex_marsis_density	U. Iowa site catalog	U. Iowa Space Physics Site
Fetch source definition using URL from U. Iowa catalog	MARSIS density src. def.	MEX MARSIS Group Server
Request data using URL and parameters from source def. DATA STREAM	(Could also l	s2 server source be HAPI node, file h, or custom CGI)



## **Working Reference Catalog Client: das2.org/browse**

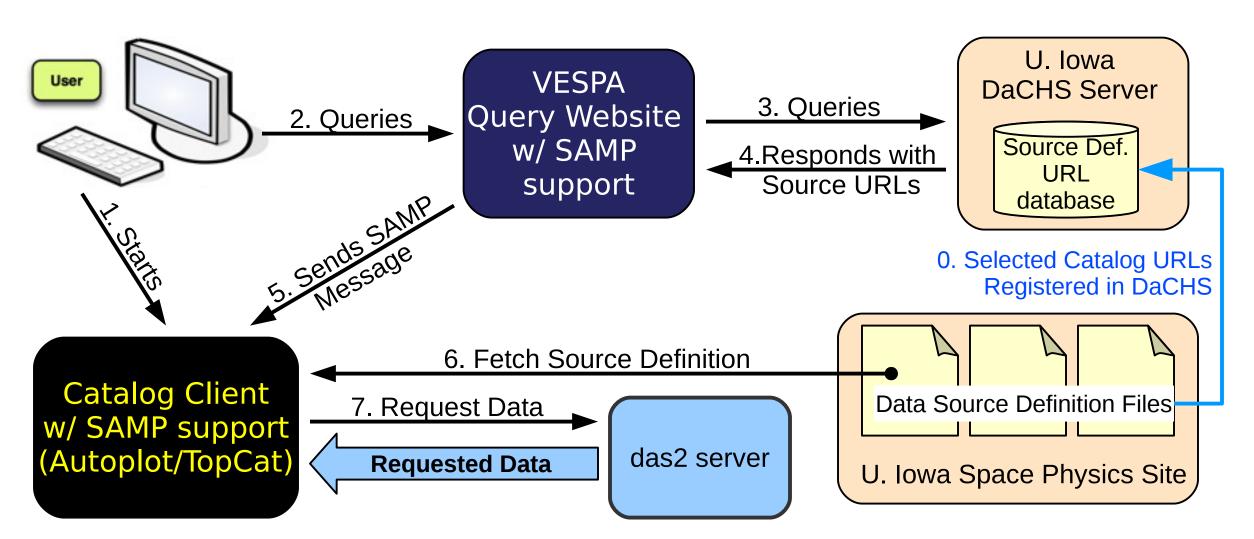
A reference catalog client has been created as a proof of concept and as a developer assistance tool. Currently works with most das2 data sources and any HAPI data node. A small update remains in order to handle the particularly detailed parameters set for Cassini RPWS Survey.



http://das2.org/browse/jhuapl/cassini/mimi/chems pha box fluxes full time res/

### **Potential Virtual Observatory Integration via DaCHS**

We propose that data sources of sufficient reliability and interest to the general research community would be published in-place by registering these within a DaCHS (<u>soft.g-</u> vo.org/dachs) server. The Virtual European Solar and Planetary Access (VESPA) project provides a query interface for such data sources at: <u>www.europlanet-vespa.eu/</u>.



#### **Acknowledgments**

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#### **Contacts and Code**

To add your site to the das2 catalog contact larry-granroth@uiowa.edu

All das2 source code is freely available under LGPL @ <u>https://saturn.physics.uiowa.edu/svn/das2</u> and soon @ github.com/das-developers